Drought: Understanding and reducing vulnerability through monitoring and early warning systems (M&EWs)



DRIVER Workshop 1 – Key Findings









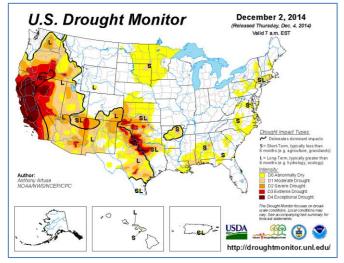


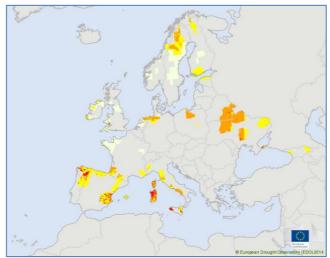
Acknowledgements

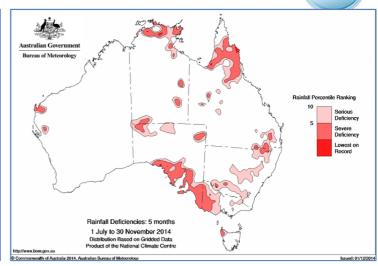
Sophie Haines – IMPETUS, University of Oxford

DrIVER Case Study Regions









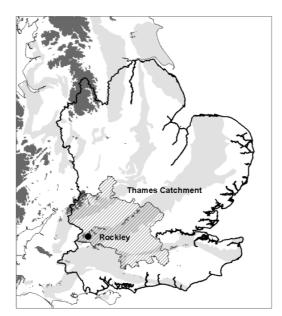
North Carolina

Drought 2007/8



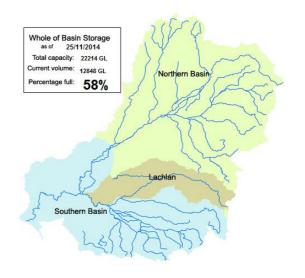
Lowland England

• Drought 2011/12



Lower river Murray/Adelaide

 Millennium Drought 1998-2012



Murray Darling Basin Authority



Focus of Workshop 1

- 1. NERC drought projects
- 2. DRiVER and early highlights
- 3. Participants' views of drought
- 4. M&EWs future needs
- 5. Future DRiVER and NERC research



Attendees

- 44 delegates: government, regulators, water suppliers, farmers, power generation, public health
- Collaborators: IMPETUS;
 Historic Droughts; OMPORS



Workshop 1 - Inquiry

1. Introduction to workshop



3. Plenary Key Points





4. Presentations: International perspectives on droughts and MEWS



5. Conversation:
What should MEWS in
the UK look like in the future?



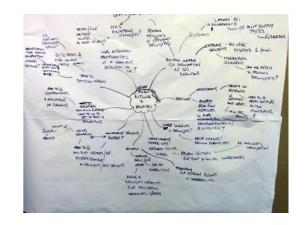
6. Plenary Key Points



7. Presentations: M&EW in the UK: What's on the horizon?

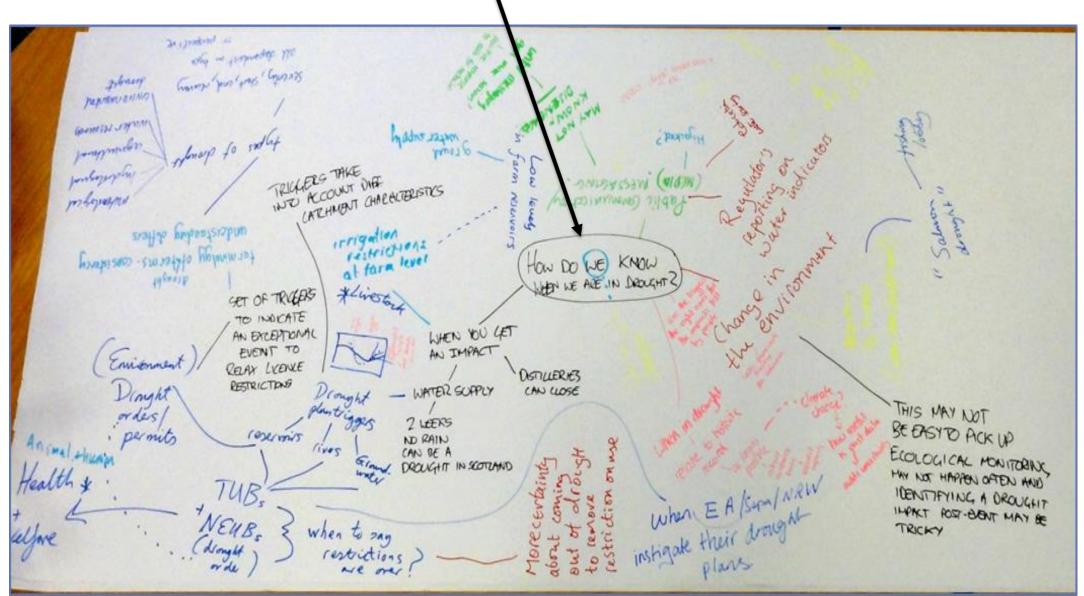
8. Plenary – Key Points on MEWS future needs

9. Actions and priorities



"How do we know when we are in drought?"







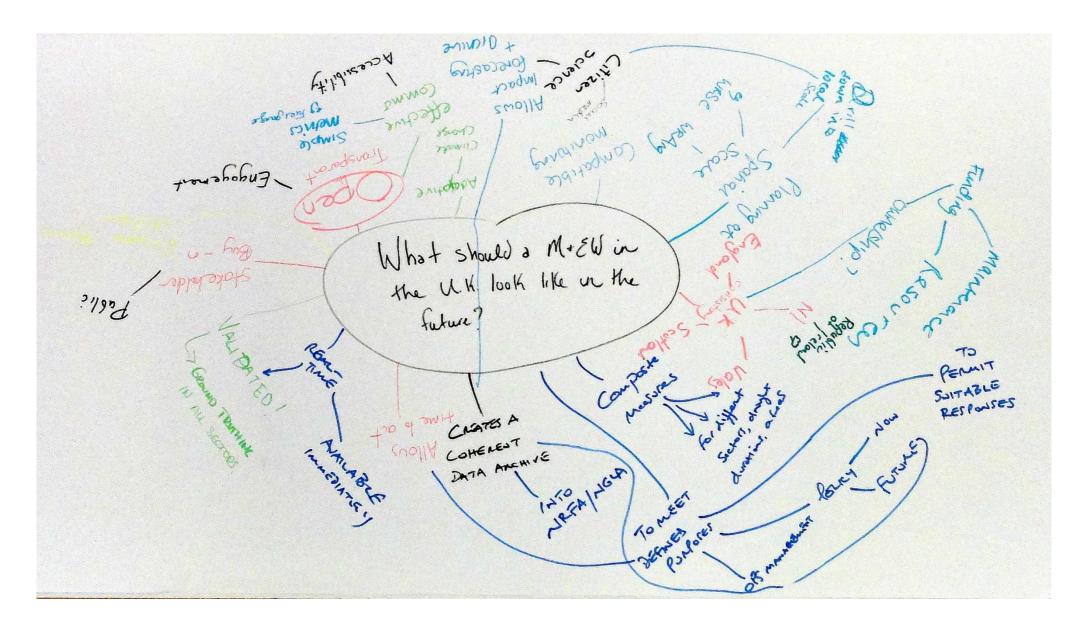
"How do we know when we are in drought?"

- Types of droughts: geographies, resilience, supply, societal impact
- Uncertainty and risk: duration, sector, consensus
- Preparation and forecasting: onset, reliability, uncertainty
- Impacts: health, indicator-impact, hindsight, thresholds, visibility, natural?
- Public communication, education: (social) media, hype, restrictions
- Politics / governance: declaration, event/exception, visibility
- Resilience: pressure, investment



"What should a M&EW system look like in the future in the UK?"





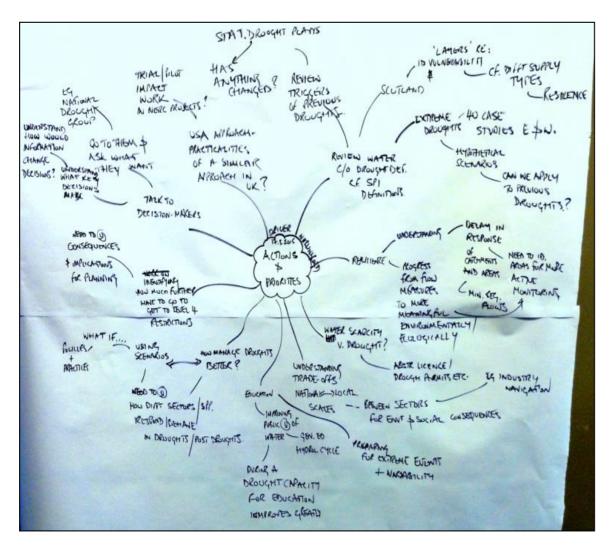


"What should M&EW of the future look like?"

- Types of droughts: rainfall, groundwater, salmon, whisky
- Uncertainty & risk: cheap real-time monitoring, access, termination
- Preparation & forecasting: robust, accurate, restrictions, accountability
- Impacts (vulnerabilities): sensitivity, local scale, layers
- Public communication and education: culture, interpretation
- Politics / governance: ownership, capacity, coordination, timing
- Resilience: non-stationarity, adaptation
- Stakeholder buy-in: social media, citizen science

Actions and priorities





- Drought plans
- Resilience
- Water scarcity/drought
- Trade-offs
- Education
- Managing droughts
- Restrictions
- Decision-makers & decision-making
- Learning from others



Workshop 1 Summary

- Revealed complexity of drought
- Variation of drought in context
- Variation in decision-making requirements, processes and capacities
- Hydrological measures to allow calibration of diverse impacts
- Recognise, reduce and work with uncertainty
- Accommodate resilience and vulnerability factors in M&EWS
- Link M&EW and forecasting
- Learn from USA monitoring impacts
- Develop indicators which are meaningful environmentally/ecologically
- Explore mitigation measures on drought development / progress
- Develop scenarios for droughts and post-droughts
- Clarify ownership and governance of M&EW systems



Today in context

- Workshop 1
- Ongoing Interviews: EA / NFU/ Canal & Rivers Trust / Anglian
- International workshops within DRIVER
- Outputs workshop reports, briefing notes, scientific papers



Ongoing contributions

- Portal development
- USA second workshop December 2016
- Publications:
 - Global review of M&EWs
 - BAMS Meeting summary
 - BAMS research paper
- NERC projects and follow on funding

Further Information



Bulletin of American Metrological Society Nov 2016

DRIVER Workshop 1 – Report









